| Subject content | Objectives - Technical knowledge | Vocabulary | Books/ resources/ scientists/ <br> technologists | Objectives - Process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structures | Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. <br> Framework structures | designing eg drawing, user, model, plan making eg equipment, parts, construction kits, join, fix knowledge and understanding eg framework, movement, structure, weak, strong, side, edge, surface, thinner, thicker, corner, point, symmetrical edge, straight, curved; names and shapes of materials which are used in fullsize playground equipment eg metal, wood, plastic; types of playground equipment <br> eg swing, see-saw, roundabout, climbing frame, slide; names of mathematical 2D shapes eg circle, triangle, square, rectangle \& 3D shapes eg cuboid, cube | Explore range of full-size size items of playground equipment on a visit to a park. <br> Boats - science (materials) link. 'Lost and Found' by Oliver Jeffers | Design: <br> design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology |
| Playgrounds (or Boats) | Use simple methods for making freestanding structures stronger and more stable. <br> Name different types of a product and main features. <br> Observe carefully, draw and name simple mathematical shapes in the context of a product. <br> Use basic cutting, shaping and joining techniques for 3D modelling, for example with paper and card using glues and masking tape; Make simple hinges. <br> Use construction kits to aid modelling. <br> Assemble, join and combine 2D and 3D materials into a model. <br> Evaluate products made, commenting on main features. |  |  |  |
| Textiles | Select from and use a wide range of materials and components according to their characteristics: <br> Sew together two pieces of fabric | designing eg user, label, drawing, ideas, mock-up, choose, decide, evaluate, try out ideas making eg plan, template, fabric, cutting out, sewing, needle, running stitch, gluing, adding knowledge and understanding eg stitch, thread, needle, strong, quality, features |  | Make: <br> select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] <br> select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their character- |
| Bookmark | Draw around a template. <br> Make simple drawings and label parts. <br> Recognise that ideas for their own designs can be developed by looking at existing products. <br> Identify simple design criteria. <br> Model ideas by making a paper mock-up using glue as a joining technique. <br> Mark out, cut and join fabric pieces to make the main part of a product using simple joining techniques, <br> e.g. gluing and stitching (running stitch). <br> Use appropriate finishing techniques. |  |  |  |
| Cooking and nutrition | Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, Understand where food comes from. | designing eg choosing, investigating, tasting, arranging, experimenting, popular, sort, blockgraph, pictogram making eg washing, cleaning, peeling, cutting, slicing, grating <br> knowledge and understanding eg salad, fruit, vegetables, peel, flesh, skin, grater, chopping board, peeler, seeds, pips, stalk, juice, root, leaf, stone, bunch, skewer; sensory eg crisp, sharp, juicy, sweet, sour, sticky, squashy, smooth, crunchy, scented, waxy | 'Handa's Surprise' by Eileen Browne | istics <br> Evaluate: |
| Fruit/vegetable kebab, salad | Recognise and name a number of different fruit and vegetables. <br> Classify some fruit/vegetables by colour, texture and taste, how and where they are grown, what they are used for, how they are eaten (eg peeled). <br> Know and practise the hygiene rules for fruit and vegetable preparation. <br> Carry out simple tasting of fruit and vegetables and record results. <br> Know that fruit and vegetables are an important part of a healthy diet. <br> Select and use appropriate equipment and ingredients, including simple tools in preparation. <br> Talk about their finished product, and record through pictures and words how it looks and tastes and how well it matches their original ideas and chosen target group. |  |  | explore and evaluate a range of existing products and evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria Skills: <br> focused practical tasks |


| Subject content | Objectives - Technical knowledge | Vocabulary | Books/ resources/ scientists/ technologists | Objectives - Process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structures | Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. <br> Framework structures | designing eg choose, try out ideas, discuss, drawing, label, list <br> making eg join, fix, plan, scissors, hole punch, masking tape, PVA glue <br> knowledge and understanding eg structure, framework, strong, weak, wall, roof, window, stairs, guttering, glass, brick, transparent, hinge; mathematical understanding eg square, rectangle, triangle cube, cuboid, side, edge, surface, on top of, underneath, smaller than, symmetrical, beside, next to, triangulation for strength | 'Home' by Carson Ellis | Design: <br> design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology Make: <br> select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing] <br> select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics <br> Evaluate: <br> explore and evaluate a range of existing products and evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria <br> Skills: <br> focused practical tasks |
| Homes | Show through simple drawings the main features of a building, with a sense of proportion. <br> Recognise and name mathematical shapes eg square, rectangle, triangle, circle in the context of buildings. <br> Join 2D and 3D materials effectively in different ways, making effective hinges. <br> Begin to understand how they can make their structures more stable. <br> Use construction kits to help develop their ideas. <br> Construct model by joining/combining 2D and 3D materials in appropriate ways. <br> Evaluate their finished structure, testing for strength and stability. |  |  |  |
| Mechanisms | Explore and use mechanisms in their products: Wheels and axles | designing eg purpose, ideas, discuss, explore, predict, guess, survey, table, Venn diagram, mostleast common <br> making eg joining, combining, connecting, testing, punching <br> knowledge and understanding eg vehicle, wheels, chassis, axles, doweling, hole punch, logo, distance | 'Duck in the Truck' by Jez Alborough; toy vehicles, photos of various vehicles |  |
| Vehicles | Give examples of how different vehicles are used for different purposes and what features they may contain, naming the main parts of a vehicle. <br> Make simple drawings, with some labels of parts. <br> Join wheels and axles effectively on a chassis and explain how they work. <br> Develop ideas for making a model vehicle which has a purpose, and which reflects their original idea, applying what they have learnt. <br> Construct a vehicle which functions. <br> Use a range of finishing techniques including a label or logo. <br> Evaluate their finished vehicle, recording how it works and matches the original ideas. |  |  |  |
| Cooking and nutri- | Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, Understand where food comes from. | designing eg choosing, investigating, tasting, arranging, experimenting, popular, sort, blockgraph, pictogram making eg washing, cleaning, peeling, cutting, slicing, grating, chopping, cooking, blending knowledge and understanding eg salad, fruit, vegetables, peel, flesh, skin, grater, chopping board, peeler, pan, cooker, blender, seeds, pips, stalk, juice, root, leaf, stone, bunch, skewer; sensory eg crisp, sharp, juicy, sweet, sour, sticky, squashy, smooth, crunchy, scented, waxy | 'Oliver's Vegetables' by Vivian French and Alison Bartlett; Arcimboldo fruit and vegetable art |  |
|  | Consider how to make a smoothie/cordial healthy - sugar content. <br> Explore different flavour combinations and textures (eg seeds) with regard to taste, learning how to <br> balance the combination of ingredients. <br> Consider seasonality/availability of ingredients. |  |  |  |
| Fruit smoothie or cordial | Select and use appropriate equipment, including cooking fruit for cordials. Evaluate their finished product by market testing and suggest improvements. |  |  |  |


| Subject content | Objectives - technical knowledge | Vocabulary | Books/ resources/ scientists/ technologists | Objectives - Process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structures | Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures. | designing eg font, graphic, decision, evaluating, criteria, fit for purpose, holds making eg scoring, tabs, adhesives, join, assemble, accuracy <br> knowledge and understanding eg threedimensional (3D) shape, cube, cuboid, prism, net, vertex, edge, face, packaging, shell structure, breadth, capacity | The three Ps: protection, preservation, promotion <br> Leo Baekeland (Bakelite) and Jacques E Brandenburger (cellophane) <br> Ant and Bee Go Shopping by Angela Banner | Design: <br> use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design |
| Packaging | Investigate a range of commercially made packaging and recognise that many examples are constructed from nets. <br> Make paper models (mock-ups) of their ideas before measuring, marking out, cutting and assembling with accuracy. <br> Evaluate their packaging against their original design criteria. <br> Produce packaging that is visually lively, accurately made and appropriate for its purpose. <br> (Design idea: packaging for sandwiches made in cooking.) |  |  |  |
| Textiles | Select from and use a wider range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. | designing eg specification, flow chart, mock-up, accurate, users, fabric swatches, working drawing <br> making eg pattern/template, working properties knowledge and understanding eg running stitch, backstitch, split stitch, stem stitch, applique | Bayeux Tapestry <br> Aino Kajaniemi | Make: <br> select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately select from and use a wider range of |
| Wall hangings | Investigate different wall hangings and tapestries. <br> Experiment with different embroidery stiches (running stitch, backstitch, split stitch, stem stitch etc.). <br> Use applique to attach fabric together. <br> Plan and design wall hanging creating story through fabric. |  |  |  |
| Cooking and nutrition | Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques <br> Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. | designing eg texture, taste, appearance, healthy, preference, criteria, cost, questionnaire, data, frequency diagram <br> making eg cut, mix, spread, slice, blend, grate, chop, chopping board, knife, grater knowledge and understanding eg sandwich, filling, ingredients, fridge, food groups, hygiene, high risk, healthy eating, 'balanced plate', thick, thin - sensory eg sweet, sour, bitter, salty | 'Sam's Sandwich' by David Pelham <br> Max's Sandwich Book: The Ultimate Guide to Creating Perfection Between Two Slices of Bread by Max Halley | materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities |
| Sandwich snacks | Use information from an evaluation activity to select and prepare a range of sandwich ingredients for a purpose, combining the ingredients to create an appealing sandwich. <br> Consider how well their sandwich meets the original purpose. <br> Understand the 'balanced plate' model for healthy eating and will have applied this to ideas about how the sandwich contributes to a healthy diet. |  |  | Evaluate: <br> investigate and analyse a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Skills: <br> focused practical tasks |

Year 4 D.T. (The approaches included are suggestions only and teachers are free to choose how they implement the objectives.)

| Subject content | Objectives - technical knowledge | Vocabulary | Books/resources/ scientists/ technologists | Objectives - Process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanisms <br> Storybooks | Understand and use mechanical systems in their products. Levers and linkages | Designing e.g. model, mock-up, plan, fit for purpose <br> Making e.g. fold, adhesive, scoring, cutting, joining, temporary fixing, permanent fixing <br> Knowledge and Understanding e.g linkage, lever, pivot, flexible, shape, joint, hinge, area, surface, coverstypes of movement e.g. rotary, linear. | Heads by Matthew Van Fleet, Oscar the Octopus by Matthew Van Fleet | Design: <br> use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and com-puter-aided design |
|  | Use ideas gained from investigating a variety of products and increase their repertoire of skills and techniques. |  |  |  |
|  | Use tools safely to design and make pages, incorporating levers and linkages, for a book finished to a high standard. <br> Develop skills in making a range of simple mechanisms. <br> Work as part of a group. <br> Evaluate, in use, both their own and others' products. |  |  |  |
| Textiles <br> Money containers | Select from and use a wider range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. | Designing eg user, purpose, design criteria, model, evaluating, labelled drawings, stiffening, reinforcing, coins, notes <br> Making eg pattern/templates, strength, weaknesses, accurate, finishing <br> Knowledge and Understanding eg fabric, fastening, compartment, zip, press stud, clasp, hook and eye, button, buckle, seam, seam allowance, reinforce, gusset, dye, embroideryproperties eg strength, hardwearing, stretch, fray | Variety of purses | Make: <br> select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately <br> select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities <br> Evaluate: |
|  | Show understanding and skills in working with textiles to design and make a money container that meets their design criteria. <br> Evaluated existing products. |  |  |  |
|  | Test effectiveness of different fabrics. |  |  |  |
| Cooking and nutrition | Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet <br> Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques | Designing eg texture, taste, appearance, healthy, preference, criteria, cost, questionnaire, data, frequency diagram <br> Making e.g. cut, mix, spread, slice, bland, grate, chop, chopping board, knife, grater <br> Knowledge and Understanding e.g. soup, ingredients, fridge, food groups, hygiene, high risk, healthy eating, balanced plate, thick, thin, sensory-e.g. sweet, sour, bitter, salty. | Recipe books <br> 'Stone Soup' - traditional tale <br> Pumpkin Soup by Helen Cooper | investigate and analyse a range of existing products <br> evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work <br> understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world Skills: focused practical tasks |
| Soup making | Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. |  |  |  |
|  | Undertake independent research to inform a range of ideas. Understand the importance of nutrition and a balanced diet. Create own design criteria to ensure product is purposeful. Create recipes, including ingredients. <br> Understand how to handle foods safely and hygienically. |  |  |  |



| Subject content | Objectives - technical knowledge | Vocabulary | Resources | Objectives - Process |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structures | Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures. | designing eg modelling, scale model, fair test making eg rolling, strengthening, reinforcing knowledge and understanding eg triangulation, diagonal, stable, strength, framework, material, tube, rigid, section, water resistance, tie, strut, beam, bracket, stay, member, horizontal, vertical, gusset - forces eg tension, compression, bending, twisting | Shelter - Celine Claire | Design: <br> use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups <br> generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computeraided design <br> Make: <br> select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities <br> Evaluate: <br> investigate and analyse a range of existing products <br> evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world <br> Skills: <br> focused practical tasks |
| Shelters | Ask children to investigate a range of shelters that are constructed in different ways. Find out about different performance textiles used for tents and outdoor equipment. Investigate how to strengthen structures and how to reinforce a simple square framework. <br> Test a variety of textiles for water resistance and strength. <br> Design, make and evaluate a model of a shelter for a specific purpose. <br> Brainstorm ideas, recording designs on paper. <br> Make shelter, evaluating as it progresses and thinking of alternatives if the first attempt fails. <br> Use simple tests to evaluate the function and strength of the shelter. |  |  |  |
| Mecha- <br> nisms | Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] <br> Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. | designing eg model, mock-up, select, modify, improvements, design proposal, criteria making eg framework, construct, temporary joins, permanent joins <br> knowledge and understanding eg rotation, spindle, axle, drive belt, pulley, electric motor, speed, framework, horizontal, vertical, electric circuit, switch, gearing up or down, computer control, mechanism | Frederick Savage Enoch Farrar |  |
| Fairgrounds | Research rides that have rotating parts. <br> Look at mechanisms in which a belt and pulley is used. <br> Investigate different ways of making a framework to hold the model. <br> Find out how a model can be controlled by a computer. <br> Children to design and make a model of a fairground ride which has a rotating part. <br> Evaluate product according to their own criteria for success. |  |  |  |
| Cooking and nutrition | Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques <br> Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. | designing eg evaluating, investigation, preferences, profile, specification, criteria, fair test, costing <br> making eg ingredients, quantities, shaping, mixing, topping, baking, cooking method, grilling, boiling, frying, glazing <br> knowledge and understanding eg savoury, names of tools and equipment sensory characteristics eg texture, doughy, crisp, chewy, crunchy, stretchy, elastic food safety eg hygiene, bacteria, mould, decay, food poisoning | Menus and recipe books |  |
| Making a two course meal | Research different combinations of meal to ensure they cover all the main food groups. <br> Survey others to decide on what meal would be popular. <br> Look at recipes and further develop their knowledge of seasonality. <br> Learn about different aspects of food safety. <br> Children use the skills that they have developed in cooking and nutrition to plan, cook and evaluate a two course meal. |  |  |  |

